BEST AVAILABLE COPY



Europäisches **Patentamt**

European **Patent Office** Office européen des brevets

Bescheinigung

Certificate

Attestation

Die angehefteten Unterlagen stimmen mit der ursprünglich eingereichten Fassung der auf dem nächsten Blatt bezeichneten europäischen Patentanmeldung überein.

The attached documents are exact copies of the European patent application described on the following page, as originally filed.

Les documents fixés à cette attestation sont conformes à la version initialement déposée de la demande de brevet européen spécifiée à la page suivante.

Patentanmeldung Nr.

Patent application No. Demande de brevet nº

03358009.3

REC'D 23 NOV 2004

WIPO

PCT

PRIORITY

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b) Der Präsident des Europäischen Patentamts; Im Auftrag

For the President of the European Patent Office

Le Président de l'Office européen des brevets p.a.

R C van Dijk



Anmeldung Nr:

Application no.: 03358009.3

Demande no:

Anmeldetag:

Date of filing: 11.07.03

Date de dépôt:

Anmelder/Applicant(s)/Demandeur(s):

BP Lavéra SNC
Parc Saint-Christophe,
Bâtiment Newton 1,
10 avenue de l'Entreprise
95866 Cergy Pontoise Cedex
FRANCE

Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention: (Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung. If no title is shown please refer to the description. Si aucun titre n'est indiqué se referer à la description.)

Process for the (Co-)Polymerisationof ethylene in the gas phase

In Anspruch genommene Prioriät(en) / Priority(ies) claimed /Priorité(s) revendiquée(s)
Staat/Tag/Aktenzeichen/State/Date/File no./Pays/Date/Numéro de dépôt:

Internationale Patentklassifikation/International Patent Classification/Classification internationale des brevets:

C08F10/00

Am Anmeldetag benannte Vertragstaaten/Contracting states designated at date of filing/Etats contractants désignées lors du dépôt:

AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR LI

Case 10060/B444(1)

PROCESS FOR THE (CO-)POLYMERISATION OF ETHYLENE IN THE GAS PHASE

The present invention relates to a process for improving the start up of polymerization or copolymerization of ethylene in a gas phase reactor, preferably a fluidised bed gas phase reactor.

- Processes for the (co)-polymerisation of olefins in the gas phase are well known in the art. Such processes can be conducted for example by introducing the gaseous monomer and comonomer into a stirred and/or gas fluidised bed comprising polyolefin and a catalyst for the polymerisation.
- In the gas fluidised bed polymerisation of olefins, the polymerisation is conducted in a fluidised bed reactor wherein a bed of polymer particles is maintained in a fluidised state by means of an ascending gas stream comprising the gaseous reaction monomer. The start-up of such a polymerisation generally employs a bed of polymer particles similar to the polymer, which it is desired to manufacture.
- During the course of polymerisation, fresh polymer is generated by the catalytic polymerisation of the monomer, and polymer product is withdrawn to maintain the bed at more or less constant volume. An industrially favoured process employs a fluidisation grid to distribute the fluidising gas to the bed, and to act as a support for the bed when the supply of gas is cut off. The polymer produced is generally withdrawn from the reactor via a discharge conduit arranged in the

lower portion of the reactor, near the fluidisation grid. The fluidised bed consists in a bed of growing polymer particles. This bed is maintained in a fluidised condition by the continuous upward flow from the base of the reactor of a fluidising gas.

5

10

15

20

The polymerisation of olefins is an exothermic reaction and it is therefore necessary to provide means to cool the bed to remove the heat of polymerisation. In the absence of such cooling the bed would increase in temperature and, for example, the catalyst becomes inactive or the bed commences to fuse. In the fluidised bed polymerisation of olefins, the preferred method for removing the heat of polymerisation is by supplying to the polymerisation reactor a gas, the fluidising gas, which is at a temperature lower than the desired polymerisation temperature, passing the gas through the fluidised bed to conduct away the heat of polymerisation, removing the gas from the reactor and cooling it by passage through an external heat exchanger, and recycling it to the bed. The temperature of the recycle gas can be adjusted in the heat exchanger to maintain the fluidised bed at the desired polymerisation temperature. In this method of polymerising alpha olefins, the recycle gas generally comprises the monomer and comonomer olefins, optionally together with, for example, an inert diluent gas such as nitrogen or a gaseous chain transfer agent such as hydrogen. Thus, the recycle gas serves to supply the monomer to the bed, to fluidise the bed, and to maintain the bed at the desired temperature. Monomers consumed by the polymerisation reaction are normally replaced by adding make up gas or liquid to the polymerisation zone or reaction loop.

25

30

For large-scale operations (reactor producing more than 100KT of polymer a year), it is usually decide in advance which polymer grades should be produced during a production campaign. Said choice usally depends on the market conditions. A campaign is defined as the production period between two shutdowns. The different polymers to be produced during the said campaign are defined as the grade slate. It has now been found an improved start-up operation wherein the polymerization or copolymerisation reaction starts immediately after

the alpha-olefins have been brought into contact with the catalyst system and a charge powder, without the risk of formation of agglomerates or fine particles, the polyolefins produced during this period of start up having constant properties, having immediately the desired quality, and allowing to continue to produce the entire grade slate of the campaign without the risk of formation of agglomerates or fine particles.

The object of the present invention is therefore a process for the polymerisation or copolymerisation in the gas phase of ethylene by bringing the said ethylene into contact, under polymerization or copolymerisation conditions in a reactor in which the start-up bed is fluidised and/or agitated with mechanical stirring, with a catalyst system, which process comprises a pre start-up operation characterized in that, prior to the introduction of the catalytic system in the reactor, it comprises the following steps

- 1. determining the density d and melt index MI of all the polyethylene powders (grade slate) to be produced during the campaign from start-up to shut down,
 - 2. heating the reactor by controlling the temperature inside the reactor such that
 - a. the temperature is maintained at a value equal or higher than the highest temperature corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.4 for all the polyethylene powders to be produced.

It is also an object of the present invention to provide with a continuous gas fluidized bed process for the polymerization of ethylene monomer and one or more optional alpha-olefins, in a fluidized bed reactor by continuously recycling a gaseous stream comprising at least some of the ethylene through the fluidized bed, comprising the steps of

- 1. having some or all of the recycling gas acting as the fluidizing gas through the bed in order to maintain the bed in the fluidized state,
- 2. heating the fluidizing gas with an external heating system,
- 3. determining the density d and melt index MI of all the polyethylene powders (grade slate) to be produced during the campaign from start-up to shut-down,

30

25

5

10

15

- 4. identifying in the RTSE tables the temperatures corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.4 for each grade,
- 5. having and/or building into the reactor the appropriate reactive olefin gas and/or liquid environment, and
- 6. a final step of introducing into the reactor the active polymerization catalyst specie which instantaneously starts the olefin polymerization process,

characterized in that, before the final step of introducing the catalyst into the reactor, the heating step is conducted by controlling the temperature inside the reactor such that

5

10

20

25

30

- b. the temperature is maintained at a value equal or higher than the highest temperature identified in above step 4.
- According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the heating step of
 the start-up bed by controlling the temperature inside the reactor is also such that
 the temperature is maintained at a value equal or lower than the lowest
 temperature which is identified by following the following procedure:

identifying in the RTSE tables the temperatures corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.2 for each grade to be produced during the campaign, choosing the lowest temperatures amongst the so-identified temperatures.

The densities can be measured according to ASTM-D-792 and defined as in ASTM-D-1248-84. The melt index can be measured according to ASTM-D-1238, condition A (2.16kg).

Figures 1 to 12 represent the RTSE tables covering the polyethylene grades to be produced according to the present invention.

The RTSE value is indicated in the attached tables (figure 1 to 12) which cover polyethylene grades having a density from 915 to 960 and a melt index from 0.5 to 30. To each density/melt index couple corresponds a 4.2 and 4.4 RTSE value and a corresponding temperature as indicated in the tables. For density or melt index values that are falling at the border of operating envelopes (window), the

corresponding operating temperature envelope can easily be calculated by making linear interpolations.

For example, in figure 6, for a 940/4.8 density /melt index couple, the temperature at an RTSE of 4.4 is 100.2°C and the temperature at an RTSE of 4.2 is 105.8;

- thus, when it is decided to produce a 940/4.8 d/MI polyethylene grade, the prestart-up heating step according to the present invention should be performed at a temperature which is at least equal to 100.2°C (RTSE=4.4) and, preferably, lower than (or equal to) 105.8°C (RTSE=4.2).
- 10 For a 940/5.05 d/MI polyethylene grade, the calculation gives

T℃	RTSE=4.4	RTSE=4.2
940/4.8	100.2	105.8
940/5.3	99.5	105.1
→ 940/5.05	(100.2+99.5)/2	(105.8+105.1)/2

i.e., a pre-start-up heating step according to the present invention which should be performed at a temperature which is at least equal to 99.85°C (RTSE=4.4) and, preferably, lower than (or equal to) 105.45°C (RTSE=4.2).

15

In order to provide the most efficient pre-start-up treatment, it is important that this treatment should last at least five minutes and preferably over 15 minutes before catalyst injection.

- The Applicants have unexpectedly found that this temperature control leads to smooth and improved in all aspects polymerization start-ups and during all the grade slate production, i.e. during the whole campaign.
- The essential feature of the present invention lies in said strict control of the reactor inside temperature during pre-start-up.
 - As can been seen from the attached figures, the said reactor temperatures are unusually high for gas phase operations. In the prior art start-up operations, the temperature inside the reactor remains usually very low before the catalyst is first injected. The particular feature according to the present invention lies in the

heating of the reactor before start-up in order to reach the appropriate temperature inside the reactor before catalyst injection and start-up.

Said heating can be done by any appropriate mean, e.g. by using a heat exchanger in the reaction loop. However, it is obvious for the man knowledgeable in the art that the usual cooling water system (that is based on an open loop) will not allow to reach the heating temperatures required according to the present invention. Therefore, according to the present invention, we preferably use a closed loop pressurised water cooling system (using steam) in order to provide reactor operating temperatures before start-up in excess of 100°C.

5

10

15

According to a preferred embodiment, the present invention is especially valuable for the polymer grade which requires a heating temperature of at least 95°C, preferably at least 100°C. For example, according to the present invention, this means that at least one of the grades to be produced during the campaign has (in the attached tables) for a RTSE value of 4.4 a temperature which is at least of 95°C, preferably at least 100°C.

Said pre start-up operation (heating step) is advantageously performed before the introduction of the start-up bed (charge powder) into the reactor. The heating step can also ideally continue during the start-up bed introduction and in the presence of the bed until final introduction of the catalyst. In this case, it is preferred to ensure that the operating temperature remains at least 0.5°C below the sintering temperature of the start-up bed. When the sintering temperature of the start-up bed lies more than 0.5°C below the heating temperature it is preferred at the time of the start-up bed introduction to reduce the heating temperature in order to comply with this "at least 0.5°C below sintering temperature of the start-up bed" requirement.

The charge powder used for the start up of polymerisation or copolymerisation consists of solid particles of an inorganic product, such as silica, alumina, tale or magnesia, or else an organic product such as a polymer or copolymer. In particular the charge powder may be a polyolefin powder preferably of the same nature as that of the polyolefin powder to be produced, so that as soon as the reaction starts up, polyolefin of the desired quality is obtained immediately. Such

a charge powder may in particular originate from a previous polymerisation or copolymerisation reaction. In this way one may use as charge powder a powder of a polyethylene, a polypropylene, a copolymer of ethylene with less than 20% by weight of one or more other alpha-olefins comprising, for example, from 3 to 12 carbon atoms, an elastomeric copolymer of ethylene with from 30 to 70% by weight of propylene, a copolymer of ethylene with less than 20% by weight of ethylene or one or more other alpha-olefins comprising from 4 to 12 carbon atoms, or a copolymer of propylene with from 10 to 40% by weight of 1-butene or a mixture of 1-butene and ethylene. Advantageously the charge powder consists of particles having a mean diameter by mass comprised between 200 and 5000 microns, and preferably comprised between 500 and 3000 microns. The size of the charge powder particles is chosen partly as a function of the size of the polyolefin particles to be produced, and partly as a function of the type of polymerisation reactor and conditions of use of this reactor, such as for example the speed of fluidisation which may for example be comprised between 2 to 10 times the minimum speed of fluidisation of the polyolefin particles to be produced.

5

10

15

20

25

30

According to the present invention, the completion of the mandatory heating step is done before the introduction of the active polymerization catalyst specie inside the reactor. It will be apparent for the man skilled in the art that the present invention process can also advantageously be used after a shutdown of the previous polymerization process. Consequently, there might be residual polymerization occurring when proceeding with the heating step according to the present invention. It is thus preferred to continue to control the temperature according to the process claimed until the introduction of the catalyst specie into the reactor and the start-up polymerisation.

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pre-start up procedure also includes a cleaning process (pre start-up operation) characterized in that, prior to the introduction of the catalytic system in the reactor, the reactor is subjected to a cleaning treatment comprising the steps of introducing into the reactor an alkane having from 4 to 8 carbon atoms, circulating said alkane across the reactor under pressure and elevated temperature, depressurizing and purging the reactor.

The Applicants have unexpectedly found that this additional alkane treatment lead to smooth and improved in all aspects polymerization start-ups, as showed in the examples. While not wishing to be bound to this explanation, the Applicants believe that it is the absorption capacity of the alkane which positively impacts on the polymer residues and impurities present on the reactor wall, in the piping and exchangers, so that during the depressurizing/purging steps a high desorption of these residues and impurities occur by mechanical and/or dissolution and/or azeotropic type mechanisms.

The cleaning treatment consists in introducing into the reactor an alkane having from 4 to 8 carbon atoms, circulating said alkane across the reactor under pressure, depressurizing and purging the reactor.

10

15

20

25

The introduction of the alkane in a fluidised bed and/or with mechanical stirring, is preferably performed in the presence of an inert gas. In particular the treatment may be performed in the presence of nitrogen. It is also preferably performed under airtight conditions in order to avoid any oxygen ingress. It is also preferably performed in the absence of reacting gas like the olefins.

For the purpose of the present description and appended claims, "under pressure" treatment means that the pressure inside the reactor is at least above the atmospheric pressure. The alkane cleaning treatment is preferably carried out under a pressure comprised between 5 and 30 bars. For the purpose of the present description and appended claims, a treatment at an "elevated temperature" means that the treatment is performed at a reactor temperature of at least 40°C, preferably performed at a temperature comprised between 50 and 120°C and more preferably at a temperature comprised between 70 and 110°C. Preferably, when a charge powder is present, the treatment temperature should be below the temperature at which the particles of charge powder begin to soften and form agglomerates.

The alkane is for example, butane, pentane, hexane, heptane or octane. Pentane is preferably used.

The quantity of alkane used according to the invention depends on the state of purity of both the reactor loop and the charge powder. Preferably, the quantity of alkane used for the treatment is such that the alkane partial pressure is comprised between 25 and 95% of the saturated vapor pressure of the said alkane under the treatment conditions (temperature and pressure). More preferably, the quantity of alkane used for the treatment is such that the alkane partial pressure is comprised

between 45 and 75% of the saturated vapor pressure of the said alkane under the treatment conditions (temperature and pressure).

In order to provide the most efficient cleaning treatment, it is important that this treatment should last at least five minutes and preferably over 15 minutes.

As already indicated, the cleaning process includes after the alkane circulation under pressure a depressurizing step. Then, the consecutive purge operation(s) is/are performed according to techniques in themselves known, such as successive operations of pressurising and degassing the reactor by means of gases or a mixture of gases as referred to above. They may be carried out under a pressure at least equal to atmospheric pressure, preferably under a pressure comprised between 0.1 and 5 MPa, at a temperature equal to or greater than 0 DEG C., but less than the temperature at which the charge powder particles begin to soften and form agglomerates, and preferably at a temperature comprised between 40 DEG and 120 DEG C.

15

20

25

30

35

Any appropriate additional cleaning treatment may also be performed. For example, the reactor may additionally be treated with an organoaluminium compound of the formula AlRn X3-n in which R is an alkyl group comprising from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, X is a hydrogen or halogen atom, or an alcoholate group, and n is a whole number or fraction comprised between 1 and 3. Said organoaluminium additional treatment, if used, is preferably performed after the alkane treatment.

The organoaluminium compound, when used, may be chosen from amongst the trialkylaluminium compounds or hydrides, chlorides or alcoholates of alkylaluminium. Generally it is preferred to use a trialkylaluminium such as triethylaluminium, trisobutylaluminium, tri-n-hexyl-aluminium or tri-n-octyl aluminium. In certain cases, especially with a view to simplifying the process of the invention, the organoaluminium compound may advantageouly be of the same nature as that used as co-catalyst associated with the catalyst in the catalyst system.

Another additional treatment could be a dehydration treatment, which essentially consists in purge operations. If used, said additional dehydration treatment is advantageously performed before the alkane cleaning treatment of the present invention.

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the cleaning treatments (purges, organoaluminum compounds and alkanes) are performed before composing the reacting gas phase. Then, contacting the olefins with the charge powder in the presence of the catalytic system may be performed in a manner in itself known, by means of a polymerisation or copolymerisation reactor with a fluidized bed and/or with mechanical stirring. The reactor is fed with a reaction gas mixture consisting of 1 or more (alpha)-olefins and optionally hydrogen and/or one or more inert gases (including additional optional alkanes), under the appropriate conditions of the polymerisation or copolymerisation reaction in the gas phase.

Surprisingly, it has been observed that when one wishes to attain in an advantageous manner, in a relatively short time, a stable production of polyolefin of the desired quality, it is possible thanks to the process of the invention to perform the initial stage of the polymerisation or copolymerisation in the presence of the catalytic system in a relatively large quantities, without forming agglomerates or fine particles.

The process according to the present invention is particularly suitable for the manufacture of copolymers of ethylene. Preferred alpha-olefins used in combination with ethylene in the process of the present invention are those having from 4 to 8 carbon atoms. The preferred alpha-olefins are but-1-ene, pent-1-ene, hex-1-ene, 4-methylpent-1-ene, oct-1-ene and butadiene, the most preferred comonomer being the hex-1-ene.

25

5

10

15

20

When liquid condenses out of the recycle gaseous stream, it can be a condensable monomer, e.g. but-1-ene, hex-1-ene, 4-methylpent-1-ene or octene used as a comonomer, and/or an optional inert condensable liquid, e.g. inert hydrocarbon(s), such as C4-C8 alkane(s) or cycloalkane(s), particularly butane, pentane or hexane.

30

The process is particularly suitable for polymerising olefins at an absolute pressure of between 0.5 and 6 MPa and at a temperature of between 55 and 135°C, preferably 80°C and 120°C.

The polymerisation is preferably carried out continuously in a vertical fluidised bed reactor according to techniques known in themselves and in equipment such as that described in European patent application EP-0 855 411, French Patent No. 2,207,145 or French Patent No. 2,335,526. The process of the invention is particularly well suited to industrial-scale reactors of very large size.

5

10

15

The polymerisation reaction may be carried out in the presence of a catalyst system of the Ziegler-Natta type, consisting of a solid catalyst essentially comprising a compound of a transition metal and of a cocatalyst comprising an organic compound of a metal (i.e. an organometallic compound, for example an alkylaluminium compound). High-activity catalyst systems have already been known for a number of years and are capable of producing large quantities of polymer in a relatively short time, and thus make it possible to avoid a step of removing catalyst residues from the polymer. These high-activity catalyst systems generally comprise a solid catalyst consisting essentially of atoms of transition metal, of magnesium and of halogen. The process is also suitable for use with Ziegler catalysts supported on silica. The process is also especially suitable for use with metallocene catalysts in view of the particular affinity and reactivity experienced with comonomers and hydrogen. The process can also be 20 advantageously applied with a late transition metal catalyst, i.e. a metal from Groups VIIIb or Ib (Groups 8-11) of the Periodic Table. In particular the metals Fe, Co, Ni, Ru, Rh, Pd, Os, Ir, and Pt are preferred, especially Fe, Co and Ni. The late transition metal complex may comprise bidentate or tridentate ligands, preferably coordinated to the metal through nitrogen atoms. As examples are those 25 complexes disclosed in WO96/23010. Suitable iron and/or cobalt complexes catalysts can also be found in WO98/27124 or in WO99/12981. It is also possible to use a high-activity catalyst consisting essentially of a chromium oxide activated by a heat treatment and associated with a granular support based on a refractory oxide. 30

The catalyst may suitably be employed in the form of a prepolymer powder prepared beforehand during a prepolymerisation stage with the aid of a catalyst as described above. The prepolymerisation may be carried out by any suitable process, for example, polymerisation in a liquid hydrocarbon diluent or in the gas phase using a batch process, a semi-continuous process or a continuous process. According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the catalyst is a Ziegler-Natta catalyst (i.e., non-metallocene) containing magnesium and titanium; the magnesium is preferably acting as the support; the catalyst is thus preferably non supported on silica. Preferably, the catalyst is subjected to a prepolymerisation stage. A most preferred catalyst corresponds to the catalysts disclosed in WO9324542.

According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the polyethylene grade slate to be produced have a density comprised between 915 and 960 kg/m3 and a melt index comprised between 0.5 and 30.

5 CLAIMS

10

15

20

30

- 1. Process for the polymerisation or copolymerisation in the gas phase of ethylene by bringing the said ethylene into contact, under polymerization or copolymerisation conditions in a reactor in which the start-up bed is fluidised and/or agitated with mechanical stirring, with a catalyst system, which process comprises a pre start-up operation characterized in that, prior to the introduction of the catalytic system in the reactor, it comprises the following steps
 - 1. determining the density d and melt index MI of all the polyethylene powders (grade slate) to be produced during the campaign from start-up to shut down,
 - 2. heating the reactor by controlling the temperature inside the reactor such that
 - a. the temperature is maintained at a value equal or higher than the highest temperature corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.4 for all the polyethylene powders to be produced during the campaign.
- 2. Continuous gas fluidized bed process for the polymerization of ethylene
 25 monomer and one or more optional alpha-olefins, in a fluidized bed reactor by continuously recycling a gaseous stream comprising at least some of the ethylene through the fluidized bed, comprising the steps of
 - 1. having some or all of the recycling gas acting as the fluidizing gas through the bed in order to maintain the bed in the fluidized state,
 - 2. heating the fluidizing gas with an external heating system,
 - 3. determining the density d and melt index MI of all the polyethylene powders (grade slate) to be produced during the campaign from start-up to shut-down,
 - 4. identifying in the RTSE tables the temperatures corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.4 for each grade,

- 5. having and/or building into the reactor the appropriate reactive olefin gas and/or liquid environment, and
- 6. a final step of introducing into the reactor the active polymerization catalyst specie which instantaneously starts the olefin polymerization process,

characterized in that, before the final step of introducing the catalyst into the reactor, the heating step is conducted by controlling the temperature inside the reactor such that

- a. the temperature is maintained at a value equal or higher than the highest temperature identified in above step 4.
- 3. Process according to claims 1 or 2 wherein the heating step by controlling the temperature inside the reactor is also such that the temperature is maintained at a value equal or lower than the lowest temperature which is identified by respectively
 - a. identifying in the RTSE tables the temperatures corresponding to a RTSE value of 4.2 for each grade to be produced during the campaign,
 - b. choosing the said lowest temperatures amongst the so-identified temperatures.
- 4. Process according to any of the preceding claims wherein all the polymer grades to be produced during the campaign require a heating temperature of at least 95°C, preferably at least 100°C.

25

20

5

10

5 ABSTRACT

PROCESS FOR THE (CO-)POLYMERISATION OF ETHYLENE IN THE GAS PHASE

The present invention relates to a process for improving the start up of polymerization or copolymerization of ethylene in a gas phase reactor, preferably a fluidised bed gas phase reactor.

_		
	DENSI	
	ISI	
	4	
1		
1		
•		

				MEL	T-IN	DEX	(
30,0	11,0														
											945				
		# T B T	25 T	중 그 중 그	95 T 22 T	1 8 T	हैं न हैं न	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Q 7 87 7	5				
	RISE T 4,4 83,4 RISE T 4,2 89,0	44 841 43 17 43 187	중 기온 기	일 기운 기	2 18 1	HISE T 4,4 86,8 HISE T 4,2 102,4	4,4 87,8 17 3613 4,2 103,4	HISE T 4,4 08,3 HISE T 4,2 103,0		RISE T 4,4 89,5 RISE T ' 4,2 105,1	946				
12 M 4 M	Talk Anna	S REAL STREET	1 8 1 N		2 g 2 g	E SE	T RTSE 1 97,8 4,4 96 T RTSE 1 103,4 4,2 10	なるよう	2 E 2	1 mg	947				
£ RISE RISE			2 2 E 2	£ 2 2 2	12 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 3 2 3	T RTSE T RTSE 104.2 4.2 1	T RISE		T RTSE 100,3 4,4 1 T RTSE 105,9 4,2 1	948				
はいない	1 日本 日	F RISE 857 4.4 T RISE 101,3 4.2	T RISE 86,2 4,4 T RISE 101,8 4,2	t 줘는 줘	97,6 4,4 103,2 4,2	98,4 4,4 97 RTSE 104,0 4,2	17 RISE 194,3 4,4 17 RISE 104,9 4,2	1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 2 	101,1 AT RISE T AT RISE T AT A	-				
100,7 T RISE 10,7 T RISE 1,2 T RISE	77 RTSE 55,7 4,4 101,3 4,2	102,0 4,2	97,0 4,4 97,0 4,4 102,6 4,2 1	13.7 T R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	一場 一	94,1 4,4 94,1 4,4 104,7 4,2	E T RISE 100,1 4,4 E T RISE 106,7 4,2	100,5 4.4 100,5 4.4 100,5 4.4 100,5 4.4 100,5 4.4	크통크	101,8 4,4 107,4 4,2	949				
5 그 중 그	हिंग है न	8 - 1 5 - 1	2 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	ET RISE T RISE 97,6 4,4 96,3 4,4 1 ET RISE T RISE 103,2 4,2 103,8 4,2 1	2 104,5 4,2	SE T F	SE T RISE 4 100,8 4,4 SE T RISE 2 106,4 4,2	2 K 2 K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	하는 항무를	で 調け 選	950				
RISE T. 4,2 98,5 4,2 102,2	RISE T .4.4 97,1 RISE T 4.2 102,8	13.8 T 13.8 T 13.8 T 13.1 (0.5	몸 기본 기	44 88 7 42 186 7 42 184 84	1	4,4 100,5 4,2 100,5 4,2 100,5	KISE T	# 1020 # 1020 # 1020	RISE T	AL 103.2 RISE T AL 103.2	951				
T RISE T R 2.00 T RISE T R 2.00 T R 2.0	RTSE T 4,4 97,8 RTSE T 4,2 103,5	た 麗 ☆ 麗	お聞き聞	な習を習	E P RISE 1 89.7 4.4 10 E P RISE 1 105,4 4.2 10	100,5 4,5 101,2 100,5 4,5 101,2 1 100,2 1: 100,2 4,2 108,5	T RISE T 101,5 4,4 102,2 107,1 4,2 107,1	이 많 의 등 소		お聞き聞	952				
お選を選	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	た 開 よ 層 よ	お調な開			12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	to High	22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22			953				
	100 T	T RITSE T RITSE 104,4 10	E 2 6 2	t g t g		£ 2 £ 3			T feath						
10,2 4,2		17 KTSE 98,9 4,4 17 KTSE 106,5 4,2		101,0 4,4 103,0 4,4 103,0 4,2	101,7 4,4 1017 4,4 107,4 4,2	102 T RISE 128 T RISE 128 T RISE	三頭 中	TOUGHT TOUGHT AND	787	를 가 를 가	954				
夏十九十	<u>5</u> 7 8 7	를 기를 기	중 기를 기	[기본 기	를 기를 기		즐거로게	まっぽっぽ	7 g 7	를 기를 기	955				
100		흥구불구	RISE T 4,4 101,8 RISE T 4,2 107,2	11 3878 11 3878 12 1023	RISE T RISE RISE T RISE 42 106.6 4.2		RISE T 4.2 104.7	4,2 111,5 RTSE T 4,4 105,3 RTSE T			956				
RTSE T 4,4 100,4 RTSE T 4,2 106,0	記念は	t 2 2	E 2 E 3	1023 4.4 102.8 107.3 4.2 102.8 107.9 4.2 100.5	103,0 4,4 102 103,0 4,4 102 108,6 4,2 100	T RISE T 1 1044 14.2 1100	t 2 t 2	4.4 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	RISE C		957				
2 2 2	2 g 2 g	2 2 2	6 3 6 3		103,6 4,4 103,1 103,6 4,4 103,1 100,2 4,2 10,7	¢ a € a	2 g 2	1121 4.2 F T MTSS 105,9 4.4 F ATTER	1 RIEE 1 RISE		958				
1690 44 1690 44 1600 42		1022 44 1022 44 1022 44	to fine and		5 2 6 2 1	1 (1) 4,4 110,0 4,4 110,0 4,2	111.5 T REES		4.107.0 4.4 1 107.0 4.4	7 ST ST					
\$ 7 g 7	第一章 十	163,4 T RITSH	夏一夏一	夏一夏一	를 기통 기			하는 람이를	구 第 구 [- 1 B - 1	959				
	KISE T 4,4 102,6 KISE T 4,2 108,2		RTSE T 4.4 103,9 RTSE T 4.2 106.5	RTSE T 4,4 104,5 RTSE T	AA 105,2 RTSE T	RISE T 106,0	RISE T 4.4 107.0 RISE T				8				

	C	_	J
l	Г	Ī	1
	Z	2	
	C	1	3
	Ĭ		7
	_	_	J
	_	•	٠

		. M	ΙΕĻ	T-IN	DEX	(·							
11,0	6,8	3,9 HIRE T 100.0 H														
		l. I			1	1 1		1 1		945						
12 RISE 12	2	は開ま開た	RISK & RISK	± # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	12 A RE	お開ま開	THE LEGISTRE	\$ ²	RISE &	946						
10,9 4,2 106,7 T. RISE T 105,1 4,2 105,9 T. RISE T 105,1 4,2 105,9		な器な器な		T RISE T 104,1 T RISE T 108,7 T RISE T 108,7	T RISE T. 104,0 4,4 104,8 T RISE T 109,8 4,2 110,4	AT SEE SEEN	T EISE T 111,8 4,2 112,6 T EISE T 165,5 4,4 109,2 T EISE T 11,1 4,2 111,1			6 947						
T RISE T 105.9 4.2 104.7 T RISE T 105.9 4.2 104.7		な器は器な		RISE T 4.4 104.9 RISE T 4.2 110,5	RISE T LB 4.4 105,6 RISE T 3.4 4.2 111.2		RTSE T 2.6 4.2 113,4 RTSE T 1.0 4.2 112,4 1.0 4.2 112,4	¢ and to		948						
4,2 108,2 RISE T 4,4 101,8 RISE T 4,2 107,4	HISE T 4,3 109,0	42 1105 RIBE T. 44 1041 RIBE T	RISE T	RIBE T 4,4 105,6 RIBE T 4,2 111,3		RISE T RISE 3 44 107,1 44 RISE T RISE 0 4,2 112,7 4,2	医二氏二氏	8 4.4 108,5	# 1 m	949						
4,2 108,9 RTSE T 4,4 102,5 RTSE T 4,2 108,2	RISE 7 4,2 109,7 RISE 7 4,4 109,7 RISE 7 4,4 109,7 RISE 7	42 1112 42 1112 44 1049 42 1105	RISE T	중 구 중 구	5 4 5 4	7 107,8 113,4	こう がっぱっぱっぱ	4,2 115,6 RTSE T 4,4 109,2	RTSE T 4,4 109,9 RTSE T	950						
4,2 109,6 4 RISE T' RI 4,4 103,3 4 RISE T' RI 4,2 108,9 4	구를구를구를구		4,4 108,3 T	중 기를 기	105E T 107,6 113,4	1,111 C.12 1,092 1,195 1	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	第一篇	7 2 7	951						
4,2 110,3 4,2 4,4 100,9 4,4 47,7 100,9 4,2 4,2 100,9 4,2	거로거로거로	12 1124 42 RISE T RISE 44 1043 44 RISE T RISE 42 1114 42		RTSE T RTSE 44 107,8 44 RTSE T RTSE 42 113,4 4,2	RISE T RISE 4,4 108,5 4,4 RISE T RISE 4,2 114,1 4,2	중기중기	HISE T HISE 4.2 116,3 4,2 HISE T HISE 4.3 118,5 4,2 4.3 118,5 4,2		71 7	952 25						
2 111,0 4,2 E T RISE 1 104,0 4,4 E T RISE 2 110,2 4,2	거효거로거렸다		E T RISE	一覧 で	를 기를 기	黄口霞口			구흥구	953 9						
105,2 4.2 105,2 4.4 110,0 4.2	T RISE 100,0 4,4 T RISE 112,4 4,2 T RISE 1 100,0 4,4		1 2 7	1 7 10 T	15. T 16. T 4. 17. 4. 17.	116,7 T RING	111,2 T 111,2	118,2 4,2 111,0 4,4	거륋귀	954 9						
1123 4.2 T RISE 105,0 4,4 T RISE 111,5 4,2	8 2 8 2 8 2 8	និង ខែ ខា ខេត		등 의 등 크	를 기를 기	110,1 T RTER 1	111,3 KINSE	110,5 T 110,5 T 12,5 T	113,2 T RTSE	955 956						
1 mg 2 mg 2		로 레 및 괴 및 교					T RISE 118,8 4.2 1 T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE	\$ m	R L R	6 957						
113,5 4,2 114 T RISE T 107,1 4,4 10 T RISE T 112,7 4,2 111		ة دالة دالة د	3 4 4 4		117.2 4.2 11	E 4 E 4	3 2 3 2 3	2 3 6	3 6 3 6	7 958						
4,0 4,2 114 RISE T 7,0 4,4 108 RISE T 1,3 4,2 113,	RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T	53 42 110 53 42 110 7 RISE T	0.7 A.K. 111	15 4.4 112 15 4.4 112	T RISE T	7 4.4 113 2.5 4.4 113	7 RISE 7	20,6 4,2 121 P RTSE T	T RISE T	3 959						
9 42 115,1 RISE T 2 44 106,7 RISE T 42 114,3	50 T RISE T	MISE T	3 4.4 111.5 111.5	RISE T	, KINSE T	TO THE T RISE T	2 120.0 4.2 120.5 4.2 121.0 E T RISE T RISE T 113.6 4.4 14.4 14.7 1 113.6 4.4 14.4 14.7 1 113.6 1.7 113.6 1.7 113.6 1.7	2 120,6 4.2 121,1 4.2 121,7 22 T RISE T RISE T 114.2 4.4 114.6 4.4 115.4	T RISE T RISE T	920						

MELT-INDEX

,0	, 0	Ň	, Q	ຸດ ດ	ັພ	1	9	, 7	, 5	,4	·
ជ ខ្លី ជ	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	お開ま習	t and the	t and the	は調味	EURE PEUR	RTISE ALA ALA	RIISE RIISE 4.2	RISE 4.2	RITSE 12	ထ
	7 2 7 2 7	<u> </u>		I	i	I					5
											91
	7 7 7 RINGE T 4.2 2 A 2.2 A 2.										6
	日間ではいる									1,2 E	917
	調な調な調										91
74,9 70,5	그 끊 그 옅 그									를 그 을 거	8
お聞き	***					RTISE RTISE		***		おいません	9
	18181										9
	1 2 1 2 1					13E T 4.4 81,7 13E T 4.2 87,3				ATTSE T BUS 14.2 BB.A.	920
なるよ						お題は関					— I I
,, .	구뽏구뽏구										12 j
なる。	調な調な調	おりませる	おった。	お記れる	は調け間	は調査調査	THE LE	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	は異なる	な 関 な 関	922
	그용그룹 그	2 1 8 1	日日日日	물거문거	물거통거	즐거움거	हुनहुन	음구器구			<u> </u>
						お記さい				な器を開	8
	ㅋ FB ㅋ B ㅋ										લ્ડ
2 g 2						AL ALL					924
	78787										14
										1 1	ន្ល
	18181									8 18 1	5
	RISE T 4,4 86,5 RISE T 4,2 82,2									ATTSE TO	926
	現 よ 調 よ 調									· [-	
	- 2 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1										927
	RISE & RISE									. 20 . 20	928
	그용그를 그			용기물기	A H H H	割り買っ	용그를그	Ē -1 홈·-1	E 1 E 1		<u>ळ</u>
و عاق عا	3 2 3 2 3	E 3 6 3	ESES	23 23	요필요필	A 3 A 3	A E A	A 3 A 3	4 3 4 3	8 4 E 4	ام

				MEL	T-IN	DEX	\(.		٠		
<u>,</u> 5	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,0	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	
the armse	KINSE 1	RTSE 4.4. 1	RTSE 4,4 1	AT A	#13E 4.2 . 1	ATTER TO	RISE 4.4 AISE	RISE 4,4 RISE	A RITSE	RITSE 4.4 4.2	စ္ခ
27 27	7 7 7 7	7,0 7	18.2 T	1 2 7	8 1 <u>1</u> 1	10 T 10 T	10,0	7 7 7	115,1	E 1957	5
2 当 2 当	RISE T. RISE T. 4.2 118,3	お 祖 子 語		お 対 な 対	TREE T 4.4.2 TREE T 4.2 TREE T 4.2 TREE T			RTSE T 4,4 115,5 RTSE T 4,2 121,1	\$ m \$ m	RISE T 4,4 118,5 RISE T 4,2 122,1	946
Tage	お記れる	SE T	t age	t mg t mg	RISE RISE 12	お麗な麗	A SELECT	TA SERIES	ANSE ANSE ANSE	は異なる	947
T RISE 13,2 4,4 13,8 7 14,8 1,2	T RISE 113,5 4,4 T RISE 119,1 4,2	T RISE 113,8 4,4 T RISE 118,5 4,2	T RINGE 114,2 4,4 T RINGE 119,8 4,2		T RISE 115,0 4,4 T RISE 120,6 4,2	T RTSE 115,4 4,4 T RTSE 121,0 4,2	115,9 4,4 17 RTSE 121,4 4,2	12 T 10 T		122 7 7 7	_
를 가를 가	最一荒っ	節っ葉っ	で 点 上	를 그를 그	를 기를 기	불기름기	2 116,6 2 122,2		***	RISE T 4,4 118,0 RISE T 4,2 123,7	948
				E 2 E 3	な 関 な 関	£ 3 £ 3	12 E H	E A BE	お聞き聞	t 開 t 開	949
		£ 2 2 2	16,7 RISE 18,7 RISE 12,5 RISE	116,1 4,4 121,7 43,5 121,7 4,2	116,5 T HISE 122,1 4,4		6 회문 회				_
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12,7	걸기를기	で 調 す	1 3 上 3	r žir ži	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F 를 다 할	를 기를 기	고 를 그	日間 一間	98
	HISE T 4.4 118.5 RISE T 4.2 122.1	1.4	RISE T 4,4 117,2 RISE T 4,2 122,8		RISE T 4,4 117,9 RISE T 4,2 123,5	RISE T 4,4 118,3 RISE T 4,2 124,0	RISE T 4,4 118,8 RISE T 4,2 124,4			RTSE T 4.4 1202 RTSE T 4.2 125.8	95
は調は調	な関な関					RISE T 3 4,4 118,0 RISE T	RISE T 84.4 119.5 RISE T			= \	952
			117,8 4,4 123,6 4,2	TE CHIEF	118,6 4.4 17 RTSE	T RISE	118.5 T RISE 118.5 1.4 118.5 1.4	119,6 4.4 17 RTSE	120,4 TRIES	77 77	_
日間で	下資に対		三 瀬 マ	第一章 一			F 2 F 3	SE 1206	RISE T	RISE T	83
RISE T 44 118,1 RISE T 4,2 123,7		RISE T									95
2 m 2 m				19,5 T RISE 1		T D. RISE	120,8 T RISE	121.2 A.A		~_ ~_ -	_
		하 그 등 다 함		まっぽっぽ	그 를 그를		를 구 ^및 구 팀	그 를 그를	i - 13 - 1	- g -	955
14 1 10	1 3318 14. 119.1 1. 3318	RISE T	RISE T	KITSE T	RISE T R		RISE T	RISE T .	T 22 T		95
な器な器は							3 2 3 6				957
20 20	1 100 7 100 1 100	-0	-				T SS T SS			1 0	-
126. 1 20. 1	# 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1 # 1	7 2 7 2	7 5 7 5	# 121,6 17 17,7	7 12 7	1227 T	1 2 T	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	RISE 7	RISE T	228 228
E T RISE T RISE T 120,5 44 121,5 6 T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T 120,1 42 121,2	105 T RIGE T RIG	RISE TO	RISE 12 12	RISE T	RISE 1	AT 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	ATSE 1	12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13		RISE 7	ည
to mile to the control of the contro		RTSE 7 4.4	A SE	E SELLE	RISE 42		10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 mm 2 mm 2	RIE 4	RING C	
	- 기월 기월	न हुँ न हुँ	។ ជ្ជី ។ ផ្លឹ	។ ថ្លី ។ ថ្លី	1日日	그 및 그 및	구불구불	# 15 F	기 및 기 및	1 1 1 2	200

MELT-INDEX

Г			Ĭ			· -		Г				T		_		•	Г				Ţ					Г				Г				F			7				I				7	
		Z Z			-	7			;	ພ				7.	<u>د</u> د			-					-	>			()	9			9	3			, ,	7			Ç,	0			C) D	ľ	•
	- 1			Ι.		i		ľ		ı		ı							ı		-			ľ						ı				٠	- 1				- 1		ı			\$ ž		930
ã	ᆌ	8	7	102,4	7	96,8	7			L		1					_		Ł		Т	_	_			ட		L							1	8		•	_ L		1	200	7	<u> </u>	1	၁
		\$			HISE 1		RISE .																													* *							- 1	4.4 to		93
22 42	了 第			103,6 4,2	RISS		T RISE		RE		2		2	7	<u> </u>	MISE	2	3	12	A DE							ATION		38	5	TRISE	<u>당</u>	H	زه (۱۵۵۸	3	<u>8</u>		100G 4.2			-		7	8 X X	-	\dashv
Ę	•••																	7	į	-	1	8	4	io,s	7	ã	7				7					ğ .							4	•		33
12	콅	\$	BSIN	£		4	KISE	S	RISE	\$	200		t		\$	콅	ជ	RISE	\$	· 2	H	S	죑	\$	겼	ŝ	3	\$	RISE	ŝ	38	\$	2	13	RISE	2	7	å		1		t.		L Se	1	9 33
8		_	_		7		7	08,2		ĝ			8			구. 작					1	3	7	01,7	7. 23	9,8	7	122	7		7	20	큠	108,7				8		_	_		_	<u> </u>	. -	-
42 108,7	·~ I	2	•••	4,2 107,0	•••		RISE T		RTSE T	1	•		19 CA			RISE 7		RISE									KISE T		KISE T		7			4,2 109,8	RISE		7					`		44 165		93/
1/2		<u>b</u>	_		3		RISE	į		_	_				\$	RISE	ŝ	RISE	\$. <u>e</u>	ŀ	5		8	RISE	9 4,2		\$		12		2		4,2							1		-			ऱ
197,7					-	102,5	4	108,4	4	ន្ត	-	١	8	4	夏	7	18	7	į	7	إ	8	-1	ğ	7	į	4	Ē	4	ã	4	ğ	٦	110,8	ᆌ	1 1 1 1 1	1	품.	7	105 -	1	≣ .	-1		_	35
42 108,6			w.	42 109,1	1 3313		J BELN		AUSE T					RISE T		RISE T			44 10				T SELF		साइट १		7	*			***		•		KISE T		1		T ISI		"	42 1726 1826		4.4 107.2	18	235
<u>اء</u>	-	\$			3		KISE		RTSE		2		<u></u>		<u>₩</u>	A		THE REAL PROPERTY.			Ī	2		0 44	HI SI	<u>.0</u> 4:2	7	2	7	12	A SE	<u>\$</u>	RIG	,0 42				2				2	_	A A		
106,8	-1	Ê	-1	110,1	7	104,5	4	110,5	7	ĕ	-	ا		3	Ŕ	4	11.2	7	ğ	-		<u> </u>	إر-	106,0	4	112,0	7	ğ	4	1125	7	嘉	7	112,9	٦,	19 -	1	‡	-	1 -	1	į .	-	3 -	-	937
	in I		***		8		ESLY						49	100	\$ =	RISE	₹3 	RISE	=	N. SE		3		₹	351N	4.2 1		\$		13 	RISE		HEE	12 1		4 6				, p		2		RISE 1	Ç	ଦୁଧ
<u> </u>	T RISE	1/2	_	_	T Rigg		TO KINE		माञ्च		-		15	3	문 *	HUSE	122	7 7	13.61	- T		3		07,0	ᆲ	130	RISE	7	Turse	<u> </u>	7			113,0 4,2				Š		100	_	ш			7	
1_			•••	2 112,1			7		出っ																出													2 1				_	I		Ş	3
ជ				Ç,	38.2	\$	RISE	4,2	RISE	*	KISE	ŀ	2		\$	RISE	ŝ	3	1	N N		25		*	KISE	42	KISE	\$	RISE	ŝ	RISE	**	3S.D.	Ç,				2				,	_		ç	045
		<u></u>	_			io,s	_		ㅋ	8			Ė			7	114,2		ã	7			1	ğ	4	115.0	7	흕	7	115,4	7					<u>~</u>			1				_!	= 7		
42 113,7	144 E	14. 108,1	•••		XISE T		HISE T	t	RIGH T	100,7			42 1147			***	42 11:		4,4 100		4		200		H SSLW				HISE I		KISE T			42 11	7			42 117.3	~			42 117.8			1	3
12			_		T T		_		A S		KJS		42		드 &	N R	(1) 4,2	3	\$	KIG		3		<u>5</u>	A R	\$6 42	<u>.</u>	2	RISE	3 4,2	RISE			18				<u>.</u>			1			E SE	-	┥.
I	-	ğ	7	114,0	-1			115,3	ন	ĝ	7		, 5	4	ē	7	116,0	٦	į	4	į	<u>:</u>	3	ā	7	116,8	4	12	7	, 117,2	7	111,6	7	117,7	4	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>;</u> -	•	. "	~	= =	ī	8
ß			200		***		AND THE						5			BSDR	42 1	KISE	\$	RISE	ŕ	15		\$			RISE							4.2				2				101			0	0/3 2
C.	7			115,0 4									1105		Ē	7	100	7	130							17.7	23	12.1	7	10,1	11			110,6						. E	_		-1	F 2		١
1-	~ ↓		•				mea r	_		A 111,4			12 117			RTSE T									L BELLI				L ESIN					42 1104				42 110	` f.	-	4		1 12/0			2
<u> </u>	s l	۲.	<u>, </u>	4	_	=	=	-	20	1	- 20	F	٠.	+	φ.	=	ř	-	F	<u>.</u>	ľ	<u>ب</u>	#	<u>14</u>	_	5	<u> </u>	É	_	ē		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	-	-		1	6	#	<u>' ب</u>	Ŧ.	-	H.		┢	_

Ш
Z
S
一

				MEL	T-IN	DE)	<				
11,0	9,9	6,8	0,8	7,2	ე ე	5,9	5,3	4,8	4,3	3,9	
1 1	1 1	1 1		1	RISE -					ATTE	930
	1	4	l I I		17 RISE 17 RISE 14,4 17 RISE 14,2				1 1		<u> </u>
충겨움ㅋ	경기합기	野口器 寸	15 1 15 T	8 4 8 4	光 世界 マ	F 783 7	加山富山	\$ 7 B 7	불거ઢㅋ	82 T 82 T	931
RISE T 4.4 : 65,9 RISE T 4.2 : 91,8	12 23 T 88	4.4: 97,5 8152 T 4.2 83,1	, ,,, ,,,		RTSE T 4,4 89,8 RTSE T 4,2 95,4	RISE T 4,4 90,6 RISE T 4,2 96,1		***	1. 3518 4.7 878 4.7 878	KISE T 4,4 83,3 RISE T 4,2 90,8	.932
4.4 87,1 4.2 82,7		2 mg 2 mg	お聞か聞	to Right	12 R 2 R	A RE A	おいない	12 KINGE 12	t m	おった。	933
Tage 4	ALL RUSE	Rise 42	t ng t ng	お聞き	to High	SE SE	T' RTSE 92,3 4,4 1 7' RTSE 98,0 4,2 1	お聞き間		調金額は	934
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			25 T	7 RISE 97.6 4.4 97.6 4.2	1 27 THISE T ALS:	T KITSE 4,4 4134 42	2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7 2 7			
949 T RISE 949 42	1" RISE 90,0 4,4 1" RISE 95,8 4,2	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	집기옵기	불구없구	82,7 AZ	동기읍기	£ 4 € 4	日 30 日間	E 7 & 7	<u>ਲ</u> ੁੱਚ <u>ਛ</u> ੁਰ	935
용기용기	8454	混겨울ㅋ	20日間に	용기후기	岩山岩山	흥구불구	다 다 다	중 기용 기	日間に 関す		936
1, 35.18 1, 35.18 1, 35.18		RISE T 4.4 82,9 RISE T 4.2 98,5	RISE T 4.4 81,7 4.2 89,3		KISE T 4.4 95.2 KISE T 4.2 100,6	RTSE T 44 85,8 RTSE T 42 101,5	RISE T 4,4 86,6 RISE T 4,2 102,2	RISE T	4-4	RISE T 4.4 88,7 RISE T	937
\$ REP. \$ 18.	AUSE 412	なる。		た 麗 土 麗 む	な 麗 土 麗	t R t R	RISE 42	調金額		1 全限 2	938
12 H	お聞き聞	なる。	ត្ត ខាត្ត ខ		T RISE 80,2 4.4 101,8 4.2	な 関 な 開	17 RTSE 103,2 4,4 103,2 4,2	調金額の			_
T RITE 83,3 4,4 T RITE 88,9 4,2					102 4 RTSE 4.2		10,2 T RISE 4,2 RISE 4,2 A	1 83 T		<u> </u>	939
용기운기	一路 上	型 コ 器 コ	E SE E	F P F	日本 日本	ž 7 % 7	를 구용 구	東一覧 コミ	구를기	3 - 2 - 6	940
10000000000000000000000000000000000000	12 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	RISE T 4,4 96,7 RISE T 4,2 102,4		RISE T	RISE T 4.4 89,0		RISE T' 4,4 100,5 RISE T' 4,2 106,1	RISE T		RIDE T	94
	た 麗 ま 麗			THE STREET		S R S R				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	942
ᆲ	<u> </u>	<u>. 3 . 3 .</u>	- 3 - 3 ·	3 2 3	3 3 3	3 3	2 2 2	. 71 . 71 .	지 . 지	7 7	
T G T G	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7		TE TE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						104.5 FR	43
	E - 8 - 5	1 2 T	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 8 1 E	7 5 7	7 8 7	5 7 <u>5</u> 7		10.6 H	E T RISE	146
5 7 8 7 5 7 8 7	· 25 · 25 · 25 · 25 · 25 · 25 · 25 · 25		可見する	1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	SE T RISE T RISE T SE T RISE T RISE T SE T RISE T RISE T	102 102		132 T		1 50 T C	945

MELT-INDEX

4,0	3,6	3,2	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,1	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,4	•
お記される	RTISE 4.4 4.2	RTISE 4.4 4.2	4.4 4.2	4. A RES	4.4 Ange	rige 42	13 th	22 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	ANSE ANSE	12 Hall	ဖွ
Li										102 T 88 T	930
KISS T 4,4 82 KISS T 4,2 87,				RTSE T 4.4 94,7 RTSE T 4.2 100,3				1, 3313 0'18 1'1 1, 3313	1 3513 4,4 87.7 1 3513 4,2 103,5	RISE T 4,4 98,0 RISE T 4,2 103,6	931
***	おいまない。	Talle Talle	RISE RISE 12	SER SER	Six 2 E	ない語ない	42 43 81138 24	12 HISE 12 HISE 12 HISE	記録	ANSE ANSE	932
	17 KTSE 14,4 17 KTSE 18,4 14,2	1º RISE 84,6 4,4 1º RISE 100,2 4,2	T RISE 85,2 4,4 T RISE 100,8 4,2	T RISE 95,8 4,4 T RISE 101,5 4,2	T RISE 102.2 4.2	7 RTSE 97,1 4,4 17 RTSE 102,7 4,2	12 12	17 RISE 08,2 4,4 17 RISE 100,8 4,2	1" RISE 98,5 4,4 1" RISE 104,4 4,2	T RISE 98,1 4,4 T RISE 104,5 4.2	2 '933
	1" RTSE 94,9 4,4 1 RTSE 100,5 4,2	T RISE 85,7 4.4 T RISE 101,3 4,2	1" RISE 86,3 4,4 1" RISE 101,9 4,2	17 RTSE 102,6 4,4 102,6 4,2	102 T ERR	1" RISE 98,2 4,4 1" RISE 103,8 4,2	98,7 4,4 98,7 4,4 9 T RISE 104,4 4,2	17 HISE 80,3 4,4 17 HISE 104,9 4,2			_
10 7 th 7	19. T 88. T	克里克	百二二百百	夏 コ 喜 ユ	夏日日日	를 거운 거	15 7 8 7 15 7 8 7	夏丁夏丁	흥구흥구	東京マラ	934
14, 88,4 17 102,0		夏コミュ	見ったっ	를 가용 가	중 - 용 -	RTSE T 4.4 100,4 RTSE T 4.2 106,0	100円	필 기를 기	夏丁夏丁	RTSE T 44 1025 RTSE T 42 104,1	935
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	HTSE T 4,4 98,2 RTSE T 4,2 1\$1,8		tr Hase Hase Hase	RTSE T 4,4 100,2 RTSE T 4,2 105,8		to Right charge	2 m 2 m	ta Ring	RISE T 4,4 (03,2 RISE T 4,2 106,8	HISE T 44 103,5 HISE T 42 100,1	936
C 2 2. 2	12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	おいまない	おいません	RISE AL ATSE	AT SE PRINCE	お題を調	お照よ照	は調け調	お聞き聞	ANSE ANSE	937
T RISE 88,5 4,4 T RISE 104,1 4,2		T RISE 88,9 4,4 T RISE 105,6 4,2	T RISE 100,5 4,4 T RISE 100,2 4,2	1" RISE 101,2 4,4 1" RISE 106,8 4,2	T RISE T RISE T RISE 107,6 4,2	102,4 4,4 103,1 4,4 108,1 4,2		100,0 4,4 100,0 4,4 100,2 4,2		1045 4A 17 RTSE 15,1 4A	<u> </u>
1035 44 1031 44 1031 44			192	1022 4.4 107,0 4.2 107,0 4.2	調け調け	日曜日間	夏っ夏っ	1036 1036 14,4 1032 1032 1032		103 44 103 44 113 42	938
第一篇二	調り置す	ig T ig T	第一篇一	夏一萬一	100円で	를 기본 가	120円 150円	五 7 8 7	11,87	를 기를 기	939
RISE T 4,4 101,4 RISE T 4,2 107,1				第一段十	電子を す	를 거렸 거		HISE T 4,4 108,5 RISE T 4,2 112,1		RISE T 42 193	940
1 3313 1 3313 1 3313 1 3313			RISE T 4,4 104,4 RISE T 4,2 110,0	RISE T 4.4 105,1 RISE T 4.2 110,7		그 젊는 젊	1 R 2 R	KISE T	1	RISE T 4,4 100,4 RISE T 4,2 114,0	941
A SER	な 麗 よ 麗	お間に	おいまれる	12 EN EN EN		t 2 2 2	C RISE	はいまない	t Rings	L REE	942
12 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H 1 H	t ag t ag	T. RISE	お記れ	2 mm & mm	100,7 4.4 102,3 4.2 4.2	a 2 g 3	2 M 2 M	1	\$ 2 mg & 20 mg	<u> </u>	2 943
1012 4.4 1012 4.4 1010 4.2	196	를 가를 가		T Mag 1036 4.4 T Mes 1126 4.2	で選り		10,7 T		103.0 T RIESS		 7
賣口賣口	105,7	121 121	197 T	E 7 5 7	ž. 7 ž 7	夏山夏山	最っ麗っ	まっきっ	最一貫す	<u> </u>	944
RISE T 4,4 105,9 RISE T 4,2 111,5		RISE T 4.4 107,3 RISE T 4,2 112,6		RISE T 4.4 108,6 RISE T. 4.2 114,2			RTSE T 4.4 110,4 RTSE T 4.2 118,0	KISE T 4.4 110,9 KISE T 4.2: 116,6		RISE T 4,4 111,0 RISE T 4,2 117,5	945

																	l	VI	E	:1	_	I	-	11	V	L))																	
		 '.'	•				7			•	<u>.</u> ယ				7,7				<u>ب</u>				<u>-</u>) 0				 			٠,٠	•			٥,٥				Ů,) 1	1	
																																\$											- 1	E E		3
L		_	_	4	_	_		_			_		_						- 1	•	•						- 1										_ II		_ L		_1			3 4		┛
1000	KISE T	٠.	3 -	1	42 193.6	٠,	8 .	۱,	4,2 104,0	7	283	7	47 1012		1 8	3 -		2 -	1 2 2	3 -	1	<u> </u>	1	8 .	٠,	8	₩ 7	4,4 99,9	7	185,0	7	4,4 100,3	T	4,2 106,4	7		1	42 108 9	1 10,				101.0	1	13	3
1	•••	30 A			-			7	42 105,1	ASE.	4,4 99,5	RISE	COI Y	; <u>2</u>	\$	Nego	1	KISE T	1	, -	H		1		PISS.	105,5 4,2 106	RISE T	4,4 101	킖	£	SIN	4.4	ELLSE 1	t		=	1 1	2	1 14	2		2 2	1 1	: स	932	3
*	RISE	8	. 2		5	3	-	3	2	स्टब्स	*	RISE	û	Š	\$: 2	k	KIGE	*101 ** 7m1	nion i		<u> </u>	1	\$	31	t.	F RISE	24.1	RISE	107,1 4,2 106,2	RISE	5 44 1	∄l	t i	3	\$ 2		4 6	3		I	2 2	ŀ	: 2		_
10,00	HISE	\$	200	ı	105.6	_	=	7	Ž,	SELV	100,6 4,4	RISE	108,0 4,2	KISE	101,0	. ig	1	3	*	NI OF			1	7 2 2	1	107.8	7	<u>₽</u>	T HIS	106,2 4,2 109,3	HIS	120	T RINGE	00.7		200	1 1	֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓		20		A KISE			3 9	;
1,001	T THE	-	Righ		1070		_	1		4	101,7	RISE	19,7 4,2	7	Ē	1	į	RISE	Įį	-		<u> </u>	1 2	. 7	1	4.2 108.8 4.2	7	8	7	108,3	7	ē	7	7 42 100,B 42	-	Ž -	4	-	į į	-	į	-	į	4	2	-
7. July 2	1	į	-		<u> </u>	1	3 -	1	8	-1		7	iĝ	1	ă	38	, 1	7	i	-		3 2	1		1	2 110.6	RISE T	٠ تو	用っ	4,2 110,4	7		ATES T	2 110.				•	រ ទ្	-			慢	7	·935	
162					13 F	٦.	NIOE T			7		RISE T	4,2 109,8	25	44 104,2	KISE T	lä	RISE T	Ę	KISE T	10,0	THE PRISE TRISE TRISE TRISE T	1 5	NIOC I	1 2 2	ة ع ≣ •	A P		RISE 7	2 1104 42 1114 42 1125	RISE T		TISE T	110.8 4.2 111.9 4.2 112.9	1 1	200	k	N S			1	KISE T	2	38	936	
î	: 3	\$	HISE	ľ	2 00		ž	ŀ		7 27	<u> </u>	a	욻	a	2	FOSE	22	RISE T RISE T RISE	\$	KISE	K	ROSE	\$	70	1	42 2		2		₹5 ==	3	\$		2 1		ě	k	i ž	\$	KISE	4	RISE	\$	RISE	937	-
	: 2	\$	RISE	į,	KISE	ķ	2	H	1935 42		<u>\$</u>	a	2	a	18,2 4,4	HISE	12/62	RISE	\$	RISE	₹ *	HISE	1	Right		20 42			T I	12 <u>5</u>	T RTISE	₹ 3	3	C S	T,	HIS	Ž			KISE	12	RISE		KISE		_
110JE 42	T RISE		7	N.		Ī	-	1	115	7	<u> </u>	7	111,0	7	ig 12	7	11222	. T	100,6	7	0771	7	107.0	1 7		1	7 2		-		RTSE T R		1	113.9 4.2	1 2	7	į	7		7	Ě	7	ĝ	. 7	938	-
į	7	Ē	7	Ē	1	4.4	. X	١	117	1	ž Ž	ET RISE T RISE	2 112,8	A	1972	H 7	E	ᅱ	ほ	•	113,6	SE	108,0	35	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 P	2 - Day		1	2	¥	14 1088 44 1088 4	1	2 1140	S	RISE	į	-	Ē	7	11324 42 114,9 42 115,9 42 110,0	ATTESE T		HISE T	939	
4,2 112,8	T 350B	19.1	RISE T		RISE	107,5		K	5 ខ្ល	1	‡ ij	गडः म	42 113	महा	18	RISE 7	13 13	RISE T	108,5	ALIE T	Ž	RISE 7	108,0 4,4 108,0	KISE T	k i	13 44E			7	£ 5.	T T			2 1140 42 1150 42 118 K	1	TISE T	42 110	KISE T	8 4,4 110.7 4,4 111,6	RISE 1	4,2 110	MSE 7	4,4 111,2	RISE T	940	
₺	A SE	4	स	Ĉ	ij	\$	3	K	2000	1	\$	T RISE	42 1	RISE	1	RTSE	1142 42 1	3	\$	ð	ŝ	3	\$	- 3	i de		H			2 2		N OF		3 8	\$	A SE	12	RISE	\$	KISE	å	3	È	RTSE	941	1.
113,7 4,2	T RISE	08,1 4,4	マス	114,014,2	7	108,4	THE SE	\$ \$	N. S.		20.7	E T RISE T	14,7 4,2	T R	9.1	PISE	115,1 4,2	T RISE	08,5	TRISE	115,5 4,2	7	103,9	RIS	ž Ž	Z Z	1 2	3 7	1	110.3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 7		NIS	1112	7	117,21 4,2	RTSE	111,6	RTSE		RINE	1122	T RISE		ł
둫	7	106,1 4,4 100,0 4,4	7	Ē	7	Ē	-1	J. Of	-	إا	3	7	115,6	T	110.0	7	118,0	7	ŧ	٦	Į	7	9 4,4 110,8	7	Jian.	7		THE RISE IN THE		# · ·	1	-	ı	9 4	4,4 112,1	- H	Ē	7	喜	7	Ē	7	12	7	942	
2 185 42	RISE T	100,9	7	115,8	KISE T	10,2	4	Ē	NUSE T	١	2	1 3514	1165	ATSE T	110,9	႕	118,9	4	言	MSE T	17,3	4	E	7	15	1	1 5	; ~		43 110	1		10,0		1130	1 2	42 119,1	ET SELIK		双	4,2 119,6	HISE T	174,	RISE T	943	
± ±	콅	4.4 110,7	38	2	ATISE	\$	RIS	Ĉ	KI SE T	4		3	Ĉ	2	4.4	RISE T	12	즱	\$	죑	2	A	44 1125	RISE	2	HISE T	*	XI SE	ı	5 8	ls	. 3	t	T Z	\$	RIS	'n	졆	\$	ă	忿	RISE	4,4 11	RISE	944	
110,3 4,2	25	\$	HISE	4,2	RISE	\$	RISE	10 42	RISE	3		PRISE	<u>2</u>	ME	\$	2	t	콅	\$	RISE	ż	2	\$	뎚	2	: <u>a</u>	\$: 2	K	THE RESE	:	: 2	¢	RISE	₽	3	11920	RISE		E E	42	T HISE	4.0	BSUB .1	_	
117,2	-1	=	7	117,5	7	Ħ,6	-;	117,0	4	Ī	<u>.</u>	1	-	7	1120	7	118,5	-1	113,0	4	119,0	7	ij	7	, 19,	-1	138	-	į		į	-	C'IZI	7	14.7	-i				7		- 3	115,7	7	945	

FIGURE 8

•		MEI	_T-IN	DEX	(
30,0	24,0 27.0	20,0	18,0	16,0	13,0 14,0	12,0	11,0	
1 1 6	1 1 1	HISE T 58 F 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1	1				915
t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	6 44 594 T 14 594 14 594 1	1 M 2 M 2 M 2		1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4.4 63.6 RTSE T 4.2 69.2 RTSE T 4.4 63.1 4.2 69.7	京 2 景 2		916
	4,4 60,9 413E T 4,2 60,5 4,4 60,2	tage and tage.	HISE T BEIN T P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	4,4 63,9 4,4 63,9 4,2 63,2	4.4 65.1 70.7 70.7 70.7 70.7 70.7 70.7 70.7 70	C11 C7 1 3818 179 77 1 3818	RTSE T 4,4 66,3 RTSE T 4,2 71,9	917
#15E T #15E T #16E T #16E T #2 99,7	ATSE T 4.4 61,6	42 89,1 1		11 32 IN 11 32 IN 12 12 13 IN 12	AT 22 7 7 1 2 2 7 2 1 2 2 7 2 1 2 2 7 2 1 2 2 7 2 1 2 2 7 2 1 2 2 2 2	44 87.1 12. 27.1 12. 27.1	RISE T 4,4 67,7 RISE T 4,2 73,4	918
#15E T RISE		1 용 그 운 그 용 그 은 .	RISE T RISE 4.4 65,7 4.4 RISE T RISE 4.2 71,3 4.2	RISE T RISE 44 89,5 44 RISE T RISE 42 72,1 42	HISE T HISE HISE HISE T HISE HISE HISE T HISE HISE HISE HISE HISE HISE HISE HISE	2 1 8 7	중 기윤 기	919
용기문기로기		1 - 3 - 5 - 5	2 7 17 14 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	경기원기	2 74,5 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2	경기경기	で 調 ト 説	920 9
71,5 4,2 17,5 4,2 17,5 4,2 17,5 4,2 18,5 18,5 18,5 18,5 18,5 18,5 18,5 18,5	77.2 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	1 2 7 1 2 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 ½ 7 % 7	1 RING 89,3 4,4 1 RING 74,6 4,2	75.2 4.2 17.55 75.2 4.2 17.55 75.2 4.2 17.55 75.2 4.2 17.55	77. 44. TRISE 7. 4.2. 4.2. 4.2.	72,0 44 43,0 73,0 74,0 74,0 74,0 74,0 74,0 74,0 74,0 74	921 922
729 42 7 17 RTSE 17 RTSE 17 A4 C	17 RTSE	1	1 35 T 35 T	7 ATSE 7 44 7 ATSE 7 4.2	722 44 77 17 17 18 18 1 17 18 18 1 17 18 18 1 17 18 18 1 17 18 18 1 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 Mg 1 Mg	T RISE T 74,4 74,7 79,0 4,2 63,3 79,0 4,2 63,3	2 923
742 4.2 75.6 742 4.2 75.6 17 MSE T 17 MSE T		t # t # t # t	7 28 7 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 24 7 2	2 Hg 2 Hg	78.5 4.4 74.6 7 7 1015E 7 1015	Tan Can		924
4.2 78,9 RISE T 4.4 70,7 RISE T 4.2 78,3	#15E T 4,2 77,6 FRISE T 4,2 77,6 4,4 71,3	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1	RISE T 4,4 74,7 RISE T 4,2 80,3	4,4 76,2 1 4,2 81,5 1 7 6,4 7 6,5 1 7 6,6 1 7	RISE T 4,4 78,8 RISE T 4,2 82,4	RTSE T 4,4 77,4 RTSE T 4,2 · 83,0	925
#15E T R	경기경기원기	1 를 기립 기르기 층 -	RISE 7 M	E 18 1	日本 日		RTSE T RI 4,4 78,7 4 RTSE T RI 4,2 84,3 4	926
1.2 70,5 1.2 RISE T RISE 1.4 73,3 1.4 RISE T RISE 1.4 73,3 1.4 RISE T RISE 1.2 70,9 1.2		गहान्य नहान्य -	RISE T RISE 4.4 78.4 4.4 RISE T RISE 4.2 82.1 4.2	ខ្នុកខ្លុក	HASE T RISE 1.2 04 1.2 1.3 07 1.6 1.4 70.2	2 一覧 コ	RTSE T RTSE 4.4 90,0 4.4 . RTSE T RTSE 4.2 85,6 4.2	927 9
2 CQ7 4.2 24 T 6782 24 T 6782 25 T 6782 2 CQ1 4.2	필 → 본 → 필 →	1 월 7 월 7 월 7 월 .	# 1 mea # 1 mea # 2 cas 42	医口肾口	西山海山野山田山	1 COLO -4.4 1 COLO -4.4 2 CA2 4.2 3 CA2 4.2	음·다음·다	928 93
91,4 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2 1,2	7 RISE 7 RISE 7 RISE 7 RISE 7 RISE 7 A A A		ELS TRIBE	1 AISE 18,7 4,4 1 RISE 13,3 4,2	61,2 4,4. 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	17 RISE 17 A.2.	T RISE 124 44 17 RISE 120 42	929 930
節1番1日十	は一路一路一	12.15.16.16.16.	18.48.4	8 구 중 구	2 1 2 1 8 1 2 1	8 -18 -1	5 7 E 7	ĕ

FIGURE 9

MELT-INDEX	•	
5,3 5,9 5,9 6,5 7,2 7,2	4,8	3,9
THE PARTY AND	12 R 12 R 13 R 13 R 13 R 13 R 13 R 13 R	THE LESS CO.
8 7 2 7 8 7 5 7 6 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5		915
HTSE T 12.2 T 2.3 T 12.2 T 12.		
	77,5 4,4 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2 77,1 4,2	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
<u> </u>	경기당기분기당	787877
SE T RISE 2 27-10 4.2 2 70 1 RISE 3 70 1 RISE 3 70 1 RISE 4 70 1 RISE 4 70 1 RISE 5 70 1 RISE 5 70 RISE 5		918 RISE T 44 75,1 RISE T 42 80,7
7 1756 T		
		2 7 2 7 2 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1	E - B - E - E	1 2 7 3 7 20 T 3 T 3 T
RTGE T RTG 44 773 44 HTGE T RTG 44 775 44 HTGE T RTG 47 775 42 HTGE T RT	44 787 RISE T 42 943 RISE T 44 779 RISE T	921 44 783 42 783 7 850 7
		2 t ii t ii c
7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	90,1 4,2 7 RTSE 7 RTSE 7 RTSE 4,2 2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4,2 4	
E T RTSE E T	윤 기본 기본 기문 -	1 5 T E 1 23
RTSE T 44 813 RTSE T 44 813 RTSE T 44 813 RTSE T 42 815 RTSE T 42 815 RTSE T 42 815 RTSE T 43 815 RTSE T 44 815 RTSE T 4	4.4 02.8 RITSE T 4.2 03.4 RITSE T 4.4 02.0 RITSE T 4.2 07.6	924 RISE T 44 B4 RISE T
817 TRISE 817 TR	北京 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 1 2 1 2
20 1 7 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	85,0 T RISE T RI	
	日本 日本 日本 日本	26 T 88 T 26
HISE T 1 4.2 86.3 HISE T 1 4.2 86.7 HISE T 1 4.2	4.4 85.6 T 4.5 85.6 T	2 1 2 1 2 2
8 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7	2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	1 5 7 8 7 8 1 2 7 8 7 8
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	929 RTSE T 44 845 RTSE T 42 854
		2 m 2 m 2

FIGURE 10

	·	•		WEL	. 1 - 11\	DEX					· .
4,0	3,6	3,2	2,9	2,6	2,3	2,1	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,4	
1 .	1 1	1	1 1	1 1					HISE 42		91
1 1	1 1	l l	1 1				l l		87 7 7 842 T	. 1	5
	KISE T. 4.4 72.7					RISE T -4,4 76,0 RISE T 4,2 81,5			RISE T 4,4 77,7 RISE T 4,2 83,3		916
			C TE C TE	A R C R	THE LE	12 M 2 M	A SEE A		A RISE		9
로그림		器 寸 巻 寸	물거불거	E 7 2 7	1 3 1 3	85 T 77 T	불거불기	8, 7 % T		8 18 1	7
4.4 74.9 4.2 74.9 4.2 80.5	HISE T 4,4 73,6 HISE T 4,2 81,2		HTSE T 44 77,0 42 82,0		RTSE T 4,4 78,3 RTSE T 4,2 84,0	KISE T 4,4 78,9 KISE T 4,2 84,5		14 6 64		A1 80,9 RISE T 4,2 86,8	918
12 R 2 R		お調ま調	企業企業	た頭を頭	t ng t ng	C RISE	EGIR EGIR	\$ # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #		42 RT SE	9
중 기호 -		2 1 2 1		음구절구	2 1 % T	\$ 7 8 7	8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7		7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 8	8 1 8 1	9
4.4 77.8 RISE T	1.0	RTSE T 4,4 70,2 RTSE T 4,2 84,8		RISE T 4.4 80,5 RISE T 4.2 80,1		RISE T 4.4 81,7 RISE T 4.2 87,3		42 (13)	ATSE T 4,4 83,5 ATSE T 4,2 89,1		920
A NISH A NISH	お頭よ頭	お習を開	お聞き聞	た麗土麗	た翼を翼	A RISE	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	ta Rise	お記ま説		921
\$ -1 23 -		8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1	盎기운기	8 7 8 7	8 7 B 7	8 7 B 7	8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	\$ 7 £ 7		8 7 8 7 . X . X	_
.4.4 80,6 RTSE T 4.2 80,2					KISE T 4.4 84,0 KISE T 4,2 88,6					RISE T 4,4 86,6 RISE T 4,2 92,2	922
12 mg 12 mg		お聞ま聞	L RIE		S Name of the state of the sta	FRISE 1.4.4				2 RT 2 RT 2	_
ଜ୍ଞ - ଜୁନ	ដូកផ្លុក	[문 기 될 기	[구 [구	음기용기	용거됞구	용구용구	है न हैं न	E 18 1	\$ 7 \$ 7	8 - 8 -	923
44 832 17 889	, ,,,,	2 mg 4 mg	4,4 85,3 7115E T 4,2 90,9			12 228		141 141	KIRE T 4,4 88,9 KIRE T 4,2 M,6	44 60,3 RISE T 42 24,9	924
12 14 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15			to Right	2 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	22.3 4.2 4.2 4.2	17 RISE 87,2 4,4 17 RISE 82,8 4,2			ARING 4.2	9 44 RTSE 4,2	
2 - 2 -					8 - 8 -	P + 8 +			20 T 20 T	***	925
£ 2 1 2	お麗な麗		t	t i i t i		2 2 2			12 N 4 N 8	5 R 5 R	926
S 7 8 7		용기원기	쫎기器기	문 기용 기	8 7 8 7	2 - 2 - 1 2 - 1			친구물구	중 구 중 구	6
12 27 T				RTSE T 4,4 80,8 RTSE T 4,2 85,5	KISE T 4.4 90.8 KISE T 4.2 86.2	4,4 81,1 4,2 81,1 4,2 84,7	RISE T 4.4 91,8 RISE T - 4.2 97,2	RISE T 4,4 92,2 RISE T 4,2 97,8	A138 T	KISE T	927
L Right			4.2 Ring		2 RISE	RTSE 42				RIES A	-
٤٦ _٤ -	語り近っ	윤그음그	1 1 1 1	8 18 1	2 7 E 7	S 7 5 7	음 기원 기	를 기를 기	ដូកដូក	1	928
44 E96 42 E82 42 E82	42 E49		4,8 81,7 Right T 4,2 97,3		1000 CA			* ***	17 BERN 4,0 CS,3 17 BERN 4,2 100,0	A E36 17 27 27 17 27 2012	929
					2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		1 4,4 4,2		RITSE 14.4 10.4 12.		_
	3. 1 S. 1		និងនិង			1877			成十 % 十	5.0	930

FIGURE 11



DENSI

			•	MEL	T-IN	IDE)	<				ľ
<u>.</u>	1,4	1,3	1,2	1,1	1,0	6,0	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	
불가졌구	なって なって	55 T 55 T	富山岩山	87 7 7	B 7 8 7	8 T 2 T	RISE T 4,4 78,6 RISE T 4,2 84,5	日 35 一 25	2000円 100円 100円 100円 100円 100円 100円 100円	RISE T	915
	日祖上	동기로기	RISE T RISE 4.4 70.7 4.4 RISE T RISE 4.2 84.4 4.2	RISE T RISE 4.4 78.1 4.4 RISE T RISE 4.2 84.7 4.2	四十二十二	25日間日	RISE T RISE 4,4 80,3 4,4 RISE T RISE 4,2 80,0 4,2	출겨器ㅋ	용기문기	HISE T RISE HISE T RISE 4,2 87,4 4,2	916
	79,5 4.4 79,5 4.4 T RTBE 85,1 4,2	79,8 4,4 79,8 4,4 7878E 85,5 4,2	7 RTSE 80,2 .4,4 1 RTSE 85,8 4.2	00,5 4,4 62,0 10,5 4,2 67,5 100,2 4,2 67,5	T RISE 81,0 4,4 T RISE 86,6 4,2	81.4 4.4 10.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1	T RISE T RISE T RISE 57,4 4,2	17 RISE 87,4 4,4 4,2 4,2	E2,7 4,4 RTSE T RTSE 4,2 4,2	25 L	917 918
1 3513 1 3513 1 3513	RISE T 4.4 62,4 RISE T 4.2 68,0	RISE T 4,4 82,7 RISE T 4,2 88,3	RISE T' 4,4 83,1 RISE T' 4,2 89,7	HTSE T 4.4 83.5 HTSE T 4.2 89.1	8 7 8 7	무기는기	RISE T 4,4 84,7 RISE T 4,2 80,3	울ㅋ쯔ㅋ	RISE. T A.A BS,6 RISE T RISE T B12	RISE T 4.2 99.9	8 919
83.5 .4.4 83.5 .4.4 83.1 4.2	12 42 F	24.7 T	95. T RIBE 4.4.	HTSE T RTSE 44 849 44 RTSE T RTSE 42 90.5 42	90, T 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	17 RISE 17 RISE 42	2 7 8 7 2 Right	2 - 2 - 1	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		920 9
4,1 89,2 4,2 89,2 4,2 91,9	8 - 8 - B	12 22 T	調金調	T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T		87.1 4.4 87.1 4.4 82.7 17.81.52	7 RISE 7	T RISE	RISE T RISE	BB,O 4.4	921 922
記っるコ	RISE T	は調な調は	RISE T	KINSE T BAD	RISE T	RINGE TO RINGE TO RESERVE TO RESE	ATRE TO SEE TO S	RISE T	RISE T	RISE T	923
7 RISE 4,4	5 7 85 7 F	8 7 8 7 E	2 7 8 7 8 3 1 4 1 1 1 1	T RISE	90,7 RISE	기원 기 대 4 대 (1	7 7 8 7 5 7 8 8 7 5 7 8 8 7 5	그렇 그를	7 25 T 25	a t a	924 9
T RISE T				17 RISE T				T RISE T RISE T RISE T		RISE & RISE	925 926
42 KINSE 42 A	A RISE	RISE RISE	RISE A	RIE S		RISE C		THE PART OF	4,2 102,5 RUSE T 4,4 99,4 RUSE T	RISE T	977
SE T RISE 4 94,1 4,4 5E T RISE 5E T RISE 2 89,7 4,2	SE T RISE	SE T RISE SE T RISE SE T RISE	SE T MISE	4.2 101,5 4.2 102,7 4.2 RISE T RISE T RISE 4.4 86.5 4.4 86,7 4.4 RISE T RISE T RISE	15E T RISE 14 85.9 4.4 15E T RISE	15E T RISE 14 963 44	12 1028 4.2 13 1028 17 1131 14 86,7 4.4	4,2 103,3 4,2 41,8 17 RISE 4,4 87,2 4,4 RISE T RISE	4.2 103,8 4.2 RISE T RISE 4.4 97,7 4.4 RISE T RISE	RISE T RISE	000
THE T RISE T RIS	101,0 4,2 102,9 1 RISE 1 15,6 4,4 86,9 1 RISE 1	13 42 100,7 42 101,9 42 101,1 15 14 94,7 44 95,0 44 17,2 15 14 97,7 115 T 1155 T	1.2 101,1 42 102.3 42 103.5 1136 T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T RISE T	102,7 4,2 103,8 T RISE T 96,7 4,4 97,9 T RISE T	103 -4.2 104, 1 T KISE T 97,1 4.4 98.3 T RISE T	103,0 4,2 104, 2 T RISE T 97,5 4,4 98,7 T RISE T	015 42 1028 42 1040 42 1052 T RISE T RISE T RISE T 055 44 987 44 979 44 991 T RISE T RISE T RISE T	104,5 4,2 105, E T RISE T E T RISE T	구홍구홍	7876	920 920

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

7
■ BLACK BORDERS
☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
□ OTHER.

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.